**Content Guide: Civics and Economics**

**Goal 1:**Foundations of American Government

***~~1.1:~~****~~Colonial America and Origins~~*

 *~~-~~*~~Mayflower Compact~~

~~-Types of colonies~~

 ~~-Why did England Colonize?~~

 ~~-Differences between Colonies (climate and geography)~~

 ~~-Triangular trade~~

 ~~- House of Burgesses, Fundamental Orders of Connecticut~~

***1.1:*** *Enlightenment and Documents*

 - Locke, Roseau, Montesquieu, Paine

 -What were their ideas about government?

 -“Life, Liberty, and Property”

 -“Overthrowing and Oppressive Government”

 -Magna Carta, English B.o.R.

 -Social Contract Theory

***1.2:*** *Tensions in Colonies*

 -Mercantilism >> Navigation Acts

 -French and Indian War

 -Stamp Act, Tea Act, and Intolerable Acts (& Others)

 -Declaration of Independence

**~~1.3:~~***~~Articles of Confederation >> Constitution~~*

 ~~-Discuss first govt’ (A.O.C.)~~

 ~~-Characteristics of Articles~~

 ~~-Weaknesses of Articles~~

 ~~-Confederate v. Federal govt.~~

 ~~-Shays’s Rebellion – Fall of A.o.C.~~

~~-Leads to Constitutional convention~~

**1.3:***Constitutional Convention*

 -New Jersey Plan v. Va. Plan

 -Compromises of Constitutional Convention

 -Slave Trade Comp/Commerce Comp

 -3/5 Comp

 -Great Comp.

 -Electoral College

 -Hamilton, Jefferson, and Madison

 -Still needs to be ratified > federalists v. anti-federalists debate

 -Federalist papers

 -Bill of Rights created

**1.4:***Principles of the Constitution*

 -Popular Sovereignty

 -Rule of Law

 -Judicial Review

 -Limited Government

 -Social Contract

 -Voting

 -Impeachment

 -Separation of Powers

 -Checks and Balances

 -Federalism

**Goal 2:**Functions of American Government

**2.1:***The US Constitution*

 -Preamble

 -Articles I-VII Overview

 -Article I: Legislative Branch and Powers

 -Article II: Executive Branch and Powers

 -Article III: Judicial Branch and Powers

 -Article IV: “Privileges and Immunities” & “Full Faith and Credit”

 -Article V: Amendment Process

 -Article VI: “Supremacy” Clause

 -Article VII: Ratifying the Constitution

 -Powers granted in the Constitution

 -Delegated v. Reserved

 -Expressed (Enumerated) v. Implied

 -Delegated/Enumerated

-Coin Money, Create Army and Navy, Regulate Trade between states and with other countries, Establish Post Offices and Post Roads

 -Reserved/Enumerated

-Regulate trade within a state, Establish Education, Protect welfare and safety, Marriage and Divorce

 -Implied

 -“Necessary and Proper” Clause

 -Concurrent

 -Taxes, Courts, Protecting public safety, Makes laws

**2.2:***The Branch’s of Government*

 -The Legislative Branch (Article I)

 -Structure

 -Houses, Members, Leaders, etc.

 -Powers Granted (18 total)

-Coin Money , Budget (Power of the Purse), Declare War, Create courts inferior to Supreme Court, Impeachment, Deny Appointments, Override Veto

 -Powers Denied

 -Habeas Corpus, Bill of Attainder, Ex Post Facto

 -Gerrymandering and Reapportionment

 -How a bill becomes a law

-Committee System

 -Propositions

 -How do people influence public policy?

 -The Executive Branch (Article II)

 -Structure

 -Powers

 -Chief Executive

 -Bureaucracy:

 -Executive Office of President, Cabinet, Departments Agencies Intro.

 -Independent Agencies, Regulatory Agencies, Gov’t Corporations

 -Commander and Chief

 -War Powers Act (Limit)

 -Chief Diplomat

 -Foreign Policy

 -Secretary of State

-Treaties, Trade Agreements, Sanctions, Military Interventions, Humanitarian aid

-EU, NATO,

-Relationship w/other countries (Israel, Great Britain, China, etc)

 -Legislative Powers (Veto, Pocket Veto, Executive Order)

 -Judicial Powers (Appoint Judges, Pardon)

 -The Judicial Branch (Article III)

 -Structure

 -How do you become a justice?

 -How do they select cases?

 -Judicial Review

**2.3:***Amending the Constitution*

 -Amendment Process

-Marbury v. Madison= Judicial Review

 -Civil Liberties (1st Amendment)

 -Engel v. Vitale (school prayer)

 -Tinker v. DesMoines (Speech/petition at school)

 -Texas v. Johnson (symbolic speech)

 -Rights of the Accused (4-6th)

 -Due Process

-Habeas Corpus (reiterate), Trial by Jury, Right to Lawyer, Right to not incriminate oneself, no double jeopardy, right to appeal, Eminent Domain

 -NJ v. TLO (Reasonable search and seizure at school)

 -Mapp v. Ohio

 -Patriot Act, Homeland Security (Common Good over Individual’s Rights)

 -How have Americans rights been violated over time?

 -Korematsu v. USA? Wikileaks, Snowden?

 -NSA, IRS Scandal (introduce agencies)

 -Civil War Amendments (13-15th)

 -Plessy v. Ferguson (Sep. but equal)

 -Brown v. Board of Education (Equal Protection/desegregation)

 -14th Amendment

 -Americans w/ Disabilities Act, and Equal Opportunity Laws

 -Progressive Amendments

 -Voting Amendments (17th, 19th, 23rd, 24th, 26th)

 -Contemporary Issues: **Healthcare “Obamacare**”

**Goal 3:**American Identity and What it Means to be a Citizen

**3.1:***Political Ideology and Party’s*

-Radical<Liberal<Moderate>Conservative>Reactionary

 -Ideology

 -Party Platform v. Plank

 -History of the Two Party System

 -George Washington’s Farewell Address

 -Two Party System

 -Democrats v. Republicans (advantages and disadvantages of each)

 -Third Parties

 -Single Issue

 -Ideological

 -Splinter Parties

 -Independent

**3.2:***Elections*

-“Frequent and Free Elections” – why important?

-Nomination Process

 -Primaries v. Caucuses

 -National Convention

 -Campaign Process

 -What makes up a campaign?

 -Speeches, Canvassing, Raising Money

 -Election Process

 -What is a precinct?

 -General Election

 -Straight Ticket

 -Electoral College

 -Inauguration

 -How does your vote make a difference?

 -The People’s Choice

 -Petition

 -Initiative

 -Referendum

**3.3:***Political Ideology and Party’s*

 -Media and Public Opinion (how does the media change our opinion?)

 -Interest Groups and campaign finance

 -Impacts: labor legislation, civil rights legislation, business regulation, educational policy

 -~~Propaganda~~

 ~~-Glittering Generalities~~

 ~~-Bandwagon~~

 ~~-Endorsement~~

 ~~-Stack Cards~~

 ~~-Just Plain Folks~~

 ~~-Transfer~~

 ~~-Euphemisms~~

**3.4:***Citizenship and Diversity*

-Naturalization

 -Different Types of Citizens

-Duties v. Responsibilities

 -Affirmative Action

 -Melting Pot v. Salad Bowl

**3.5:***Types of Government*

-Monarchy<Oligarchy<Democracy>Republic (Representative Democracy)>Anarchy

 -Parliamentary System, Non-Secular System

 -What does citizenship look like in other places?

 -Norway: Socialist Republic

 -Jordan: Monarchy

 -Pakistan: Oligarchy

 -Iraq before war: Dictatorship

**Goal 4:**Criminal Justice and the American Legal System

**4.1:***Types of Laws*

 ~~-Ancient Legal Codes~~

 ~~-Hammurabi, 10 Commandments, Draconian Law, Justinian’s Code~~

 -Types of Laws

 -Constitutional (Judicial)

 -Statutory (Legislative)

 -Statutes v. Ordinances

 -Administrative/Regulatory (Executive)

 -Agencies: FCC, FDA, CDC, EPA

 -Common Law (Case Law bound by Precedent)

 -Other Types: Procedural, Public Policy, Symbolic, International Law

 -How are people’s rights protected by law?

 -Statute v. Ordinance

 -Felonies v. Misdemeanors (list types of both)

 -Federal Crime v. State Crime

 -Criminal law v. Civil law

 -Crimes v. Torts

 -Prosecution v. Defense, State v. Person

 -Plaintiff v. Defense, Person (entity) v. Person (entity)

 -Beyond a Reasonable Doubt v. Preponderance of the Evidence

**4.2:***The Trial Process*

-Procedures of Criminal and Civil Law

-Arrest >Indictment>Arraignment> Opening Statements > Examination > Closing Statements > Deliberation > Verdict > Sentencing> Appeal

-Grand Jury (Indictment)

-District Attorney (the State)

-Plea Bargain v. Settlement

**4.2:***Addressing Criminal Behavior*

-Federal, State, and Local Law Enforcement

 -FBI, NSA, SBI, Police, Highway Patrol, Sheriff, District Attorney, etc.

 ~~-Theories of Punishment~~

 ~~-Retribution v. Deterrence v. Rehabilitation~~

 -Types of Punishment

-Incarceration, Detention, Probation, Suspension, House Arrest, Monetary Compensation, Confiscation of Property, Capital Punishment

**4.3:***The Dual Court System*

 -State v. Federal Courts

 -State Courts

 -District: Lowest, Low money, misdemeanors

 -Superior: Higher, more money, felonies

 -NC Court of Appeals: Appeals from Trial courts

 -NC Supreme Court: Highest

 -Federal Courts

 -District: Felonies, trial courts of Fed. System

 -US Court of Appeals: Has jurisdiction over circuit

 -US Supreme Court: Highest, issues of Constitutionality

 -Types of Jurisdiction

-Original Jurisdiction, Appellate Jurisdiction, Exclusive Jurisdiction, Concurrent Jurisdiction

 -Supreme Court

 -Uphold, Reverse, or Remand

 -Procedures: Writ of Certiorari

 -Decision Making:

-Written, oral arguments

 -Opinion Writing: Majority, Concurring, Dissenting

**Goal 5:** Personal Financial Literacy

***5.1:****Introduction to Economics*

-Economics: the study of how people seek to satisfy needs and wants with limited resources

 -What is a need/want?

 -What are goods/services?

 -Scarcity: Driving force

 -Consumer Sovereignty

-Factors of Production

 -Land, Labor (white collar, blue collar), Capital (physical, human), and Entrepreneurship

 -Trade-offs

 -Opportunity cost

 -Immediate Gratification

 ~~-Other Costs:~~

 ~~-Total Costs = Fixed Costs + Variable Costs~~

 ~~-Marginal Costs (one additional) v. Marginal Benefit~~

 ~~-Cost-benefit analysis~~

 ~~-Maximizing Production~~

 ~~-Division of Labor and Specialization~~

 ~~-Law of Diminishing Returns (increasing marginal returns v. diminishing marginal returns)~~

 ~~-MPL (marginal product of labor)~~

***5.2:****Budgeting*

 -Paycheck: how do education and career choice impact life?

 -What trade-offs are there in life choices?

 -What is your human capital?

-What is a budget?

 -Create a budget

 -Bills

 -Mortgage (foreclosure) v. Rent

 -Collateral

 -Insurance (why important?)

 -Premium, Deductible, Co-Pay

 -Liability

 -Personal Taxation

-Income Taxes and sales taxes on goods (how to factor sales tax on spending)

 -Spending v. Saving (pay yourself first)

***5.3:****Debit, Savings and Credits*

 -What is the purpose of a bank?

-Checking and Savings account

 -How to write a check

 -How does a bank account work

 -Credit

 -Debt

 -Credit Line

 -Interest

 -Compound Interest, APR

 -Costs and benefits of credit

 -Credit as a necessity (home ownership and car ownership)

 -A “good” credit score

 -Failing to pay

 -Credit and consumption

 -Credit v. Debit?

***5.4:****Insurance ~~andIntellectual Property (IP)~~*

 -Insurance

 -Car, Health, Home/Rent, Life

 -Premium, Deductible, and CoPay

 ~~-Intellectual Property (Idea ownership)~~

~~-Patent~~

 ~~-Copyright~~

 ~~-Trademark~~

***5.5:****Consumer Protection*

 -Consumer Credit Protection

 -Protection Agencies: FTC, BBB, SEC

 -Fraudulent Business Practices

 -Ponzi Scheme

 -Pyramid Scheme

 -ID Theft, Online schemes, internet fraud, personal information disclosure

 -How to protect?

 -Do Not Call Lists, reading fine print, trusted dealers

Contacts: North American Securities Administrative Association, FBI Common Fraud Schemes, Internet Crime Complaint Center

 -Resolving Consumer Conflict

 -Filing Claims

 -Filing w/ BBB

 -Arbitration, Mediation, Compromise, Court Action

**Goal 6:**Introduction to Microeconomics

***6.1:****Supply and Demand*

-Circular Flow of Income/Economics

 -Factor Market v. Product Market

-Law of Supply v. Law of Demand

 -Equilibrium

 -Surplus v. Shortage

 -Substitute v. Compliment

 ~~-Demand Elasticity v. Inelasticity~~

 ~~-Price Ceiling v. Floor~~

 -Changes (shifts) in Supply and Demand and their effects on price

 -RULE:

 -D^, P^

 -Dv, Pv

 -S^, Pv

 -Sv, P^

 -Subsidies, availability of resource, marketing, technology, expectations, etc.

 -Types of Competition and examples:

 -Perfect Competition, Monopolistic Competition, Oligopolistic Competition

***~~6.2:~~****~~Types of Businesses~~*

~~-“Financial Capital”~~

~~-Sole Proprietorship~~

 ~~-Unlimited Liability~~

 ~~-Partnership~~

 ~~-General Partnership~~

 ~~-Limited Partnership~~

 ~~-Corporation~~

 ~~-Stock/Shares~~

 ~~-Board of Directors~~

 ~~-Limited Liability~~

 ~~-Franchise~~

 ~~-Closely Held Corporation~~

 ~~-Publicly Held (traded) Corporation~~

 ~~-Mergers~~

 ~~-Vertical Merger~~

 ~~-Horizontal Merger~~

 ~~-Conglomeration~~

***6.2:****Types of Investments*

-Why invest?

 -Stock

 -Mutual Fund

 -Broker

 -Property (Real Estate)

 -Bonds

 -Certificate of Deposit

 -Savings Account

**Goal 7:**Government and the Economy

***7.1:****Types of Economies*

 -Three Key Economic Questions: What, How, For Whom to produce?

-Compare the four types of economies:

 -Traditional, Market, Command, and Mixed

 -Specific Examples: Market

 -Free Market Economy/Capitalism

 -Adam Smith/”Wealth of Nations”

 -Laissez faire/Free Enterprise

 -Self Interest (ownership/incentives) and Competition “Invisible Hand”

 -Roles of Profit, Competition, and Price

 -Profit: Motivator

 -Competition: Regulator

 -Price: Coordinator

 -Specific Examples: Centrally Planned

 -Karl Marx/”Communist Manifesto”

 -Proletariat v. bourgeoisie

 -Socialism v. communism (v. capitalism)

 -Authoritarian Gov’t

***7.2:****Revenue and Expenditures of the Gov’t*

-Where found in Constitution?

-Limitations on taxes

-Direct tax v. Indirect tax

-Progressive v. Regressive

-Types:

 -Income Tax: direct, progressive

 -Corporate Income

 -Capital Gains:

 -Payroll Taxes: direct – pays for entitlements

 -Excise Taxes: indirect, regressive

 -Estate tax

-Budget

 -President *Submits*

 -**Office of Management and Budget**

 -Congress *Passes*

 -Mandatory v. Discretionary Spending

 -Budget Breakdown: where does all of the money go?

 -What is deficit?

 -Debt?

***~~7.3:~~****~~Bureaucracy~~*

 ~~-What is Bureaucracy?~~

 ~~-Executive Office of the President.~~

 ~~-Cabinet~~

 ~~-Department of State and Department of Defense~~

~~-Agencies: “~~*~~Alphabet Soup~~*~~”: FEMA, EPA, FDA, NASA, IRS, FCC, Peace Corps, SEC, NLRB, TSA, USPS, TVA, Secret Service, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, FBI, NSA, DEA, ATF, CIA, CDC, BBB, NTSB, OSHA, CPSC~~

 ~~-~~**~~Independent Agencies~~**

 ~~-~~**~~Regulatory Commissions~~**

 ~~-~~**~~Government Corporations~~**

**7.3**: *Labor Unions*

 -What is a labor union?

 -History of Union Movement

 -“The Jungle” Upton Sinclaire

 -The New Deal

 -Right to Work Laws

 -Collective Bargaining

 -Protest

 -Strike

 -Politics

 -Lock out (Employer)

 -Injunction (court order)

 -Third Party: Mediation v. Arbitration

**7.4**: *Economic Indicators*

 -Why do we have money?

 ~~-Used as a medium of exchange~~

 ~~-Used as a unit of account~~

 ~~-Used as a store of value~~

 -What is inflation?

 -CPI

 -What is deflation?

 -How do we measure unemployment?

**7.5**: *Business Cycle and Government Intervention*

-Inflation

-Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

 -Real GDP

 -Per Capita GDP

 -Gross National Product (GNP)

 -The Business Cycle

 -Peak, Contraction, Trough (recession/depression), Expansion

 -The Great Depression v. The Great Recession

 -Government Intervention

 -Fiscal Policy (President and Economists)

 -v Taxes, ^spending

 -Monetary Policy (The Federal Reserve)

 -v Interest Rates, ^money supply (loose money)

 -^ Interest Rates, v money supply (tight money)

**7.6:***International Trade*

 -Globalization

 -Why do nations trade?

 -Comparative Advantage and Specialization

 -Global Interdependence

 -Balance of Trade: Surplus v. Defecit

 -Trade Barriers (Protectionism):

 -Quota

 -Tariff

 -Subsidy

 -Embargo

 -Free Trade

 -WTO

 -European Union (EU)

 -NAFTA

 -How can developing Nations be helped?

 -World Bank

 -International Monetary Fund (IMF)

**Goal 8:** North Carolina State and Local Government

***8.1:****North Carolina and Local Government*

-NC Declaration of Rightsin comparison to US Bill of Rights + Constitution

 -Principles of NC Constitution

 -Popular Sovereignty, Separation of Powers, Checks and Balances

 -Federalism:

-Legislative: Congress (statutes), General Assembly (statutes), City Council (ordinances)

 -Executive: President, Governor (line item veto, separate tickets), Mayor

 -Judicial: US Supreme Court, NC Supreme Court: elected officials

 ~~-Amendment Process~~

 ~~-Initiative~~

 ~~-Referendum~~

 ~~-Recall~~

 -Local Government:

 -Municipality: Charter

 -Metropolitan Area, Zoning

 -Incorporation

 -Annexation

-County

 -County seat

 -County Commissioners

 -School Board: Superintendent

 -Elected County Officials: Sheriff, District Attorney

***8.2:****North Carolina and Local Government Economy*

 -Local Revenue and Expenditures

 **-Local tax types**:

 -Sales tax: indirect, regressive

 -State income tax: direct, progressive

 -Property tax: biggest source

 -Excise taxes

 -Estate tax

 -Non-tax Sources: Fees, fines, lottery, etc.

 -**Expenses:**

 -Education

 -Roadways/infrastructure

 -Industries of NC:

 -Mountain: Agriculture and Tourism

 -Piedmont: Agriculture, Business, R&D, Banking

 -Coastal: Agriculture and Tourism

 -Research Triangle: Raleigh, Durham, Chapel Hill

 -Research Triangle Park Importance?

 -NC as part of the World Economy?